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**Examination - Even Semester 2021**

**Paper Name: Introduction to Artificial Intelligence**  
**Time: 3 Hours**

**Paper Code: BCA 402**  
**Maximum Marks: 75**

**Note: Mobile Phones or programmable calculator or any equipment with memory are not allowed inside the examination hall.**

**SECTION: A (35 Marks)**

***All questions are compulsory (35)***

**A. State whether True or False**

1. Artificial Intelligence was coined in 1955. [1]
2. John McCarthy has introduced Artificial Intelligence. [1]
3. Machine translation is an example of natural language processing. [1]
4. "Does a system act as if it is human?" is tested by Turing test. [1]
5. Eureka - a cry of joy or satisfaction when one finds or discovers something. [1]
6. The minimax search procedure is depth first, depth limited search procedure [1]
7. Pruning is the process of elimination of a branch of search tree. [1]
8. In alpha beta pruning, upper bound is termed as Alpha. [1]
9. Taxi driver on a busy day traffic and a good traffic day, is an example of supervised learning. [1]
10. There is no significant difference between semantic and syntax. [1]

**B. Fill in the blank; assigned marks are written in the right.**

11. A program passes Turing test if it fools interrogator \_\_\_\_% of the time. [1]
12. Eliza, Mgonz, Pfizer and Natachat; which one you would say odd one out. [1]
13. The process of building a knowledge base is called \_\_\_\_ engineering. [1]
14. *Brother (Richard, John)* is an example of \_\_\_\_ sentence. [1]
15. Formula for conditional probabilities  $P(X \setminus Y)$  is given as \_\_\_\_\_. [1]
16. For 3 discs and 3 rods, no. of steps required to solve Tower of Hanoi is \_\_\_\_\_. [1]
17. Travelling sales man problem is an example of \_\_\_\_\_ search. [1]
18. In heuristic search, we test to see if this possible solution is a real solution by comparing the state reached with the set of \_\_\_\_ states. [1]
19. For all x and all y, if x is the parent of y then y is the child of x, in predicate logic it is written as \_\_\_\_\_. [2]
20. Bayes theorem is given as \_\_\_\_\_. [2]
21. \_\_\_\_\_ pruning is used in Minimax search algorithm. [2]
22. Forms of learning are \_\_\_\_\_ learning, \_\_\_\_\_ learning, and \_\_\_\_\_ learning. [3]
23. \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_ are properties of knowledge representation. [4]
24. ANN, ANI, AGI, and ASI stand for \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_, and \_\_\_\_\_. [4]

**SECTION-B (4x5=20 Marks)**  
**Attempt any FOUR Questions.**

- 1) Discuss the evolution of AI with respect to time.
- 2) Differentiate between supervised learning and unsupervised learning.
- 3) Write short notes on Neural Network.
- 4) In propositional logic, what is de Morgan law and double negation, show with symbol.
- 5) How will you write the following in predicate logic?
  - a. All men are mortal
  - b. There are some people who do not like cricket.

**SECTION-C (2x10=20 Marks)**  
**Attempt any TWO Questions.**

- 1) What are the approaches, issues and challenges in Knowledge representation, Explain
- 2) Why we use Minimax search. Explain with example.
- 3) What do you mean by learning? Explain decision tree with examples.
- 4) A problem is given to you. What will choose? ANN, decision tree or Minimax search? Explain your answer with clear reasoning.