## BACHELOR OF COMPUTER APPLICATION II YEAR EXAMINATION, 2010

Paper - BCAD-301

## COMPUTER SYSTEM ARCHITECTURE

Time: 2½ Hours

(Write your Roll No. at the top immediately on receipt of this question paper.)

Answer all Sections as per instructions given in each Section.

**SECTION - I**  $(1 \times 10 = 10)$  Answer ALL questions.

Fill	l in the blanks:
1.	VLSI is the short form for
2.	Full form for BIT is
3.	BIT can take up the values and
	and are called universal gates in logic gates study.
5.	According to DeMorgan's law, $(\overline{A+B}) = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$
6.	Karnaugh map in digital electronics is used to
	P.T.O.

7. The purpos	e of Interrupts is to	
8. RAM and F	ROM are types of	memory.
	is defined as	
10. DMA is the	short form of	
	SECTION - II	$(6 \times 5 = 30)$
	Answer any SIX questions	WAY SHOW
11. Construct a	digital circuit for the Boo	lean expression
	$(\overline{X.Y}) + X + \overline{Y}.$	in the second
12. Given the F(	ABCD) = $\sum (0,2,7,9,12,1)$ and SOP expression of F.	3,15), obtain the
	following Boolean function terals $X + \overline{X} \cdot Y$ .	on to a minimum
14. Draw the tru	th table and logic diagram	of Half Adder.
15. Define the te its truth table	rm Decoder. Design a 2-4 and logic diagram.	decoder giving
16. Define the te what kind of	rm Flip Flop. Explain S- problem occurs in SR F/I	R flip flop and
DL-29	2	

- 17. Discuss the situation when J=K=1 in JK Flip Flop. What is the race around condition and how can it be eliminated?
- Explain different types of addressing modes with simple examples.

## **SECTION - III** $(3 \times 10 = 30)$

Answer any THREE questions.

- 19. Explain the term Virtual memory. Explain segmentation and paging concepts.
- 20. What do you understand by Programmed Input/Output? How is DMA different from it?
- Define Micro-operations. Describe its categories with examples.
- 22. Design a mod 8 counter using JK Flip flops.
- Design truth table and logic diagram for Full Subtractor and solve it using K-Map.